Welcome, This Web Conference Will Begin Soon



Prevalence of adolescent sexual violence perpetration: New study and implications for prevention

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2014 Web Conferences

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Ending Child Sexual Abuse Series

#PowerInPrevention
Ending Child Sexual Abuse Web Conference Series



- Thursday, July 18: Faith Communities Engaged in Ending Child Sexual Abuse
- Tuesday, Sept 17: Secret Survivor's Tools for Strengthening your Prevention Efforts
- Tuesday, Oct 15: Power of Organizational Practices: Innovations to Keep Kids Safer
- Thursday, Nov 14: Statute of Limitations and Its Connection to Prevention
- Thursday, Jan 16, 2014: Child Sexual Abuse and Disabilities
- Thursday, March 13, 2014: Telling our Stories: Learning as
- We Build a Movement



PreventConnect

- Domestic violence/Intimate partner violence
- Sexual violence
- Violence across the life-span
- Prevent before violence starts
- Connect to other forms of violence & oppression
- Connect to other prevention practitioners





PREVALENCE OF ADOLESCENT SEXUAL VIOLENCE PERPETRATION: NEW STUDY AND IMPLICATIONS FOR PREVENTION

Today's Guest



Michele Ybarra
President and Research Director
Center for *Innovative* Public Health Research



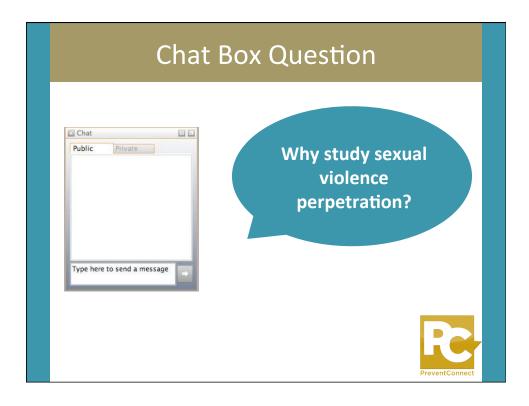
Learning Objectives

- Describe two key findings of the study
- Describe two implications of the study for prevention practice
- Apply study findings to your prevention work





PERPETRATION AND PREVENTION



Why study perpetration?

To develop strategies to **prevent** sexual violence perpetration, we need to know about the perpetrators themselves.



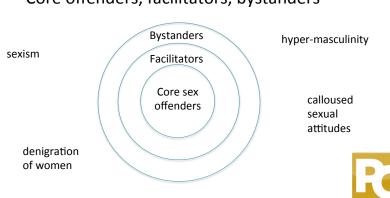
What do we know about perpetration?

- Difficult to study
- Samples are often adult males
- Sex offenders/criminals
- Management, treatment, supervision
- Links to other types of violence



The Undetected Rapist

- David Lisak, The Undetected Rapist
 - Characteristics
 - Core offenders, facilitators, bystanders



Association for the Treatment of Sexual Abusers

- Prevention focus
 - Increase understanding of factors that increase risk before an offence is ever perpetrated
 - Expertise not sought by partners in prevention





Association for the Treatment of Sexual Abusers

- Prevention Committee
 - Provide members
 resources to use in
 prevention

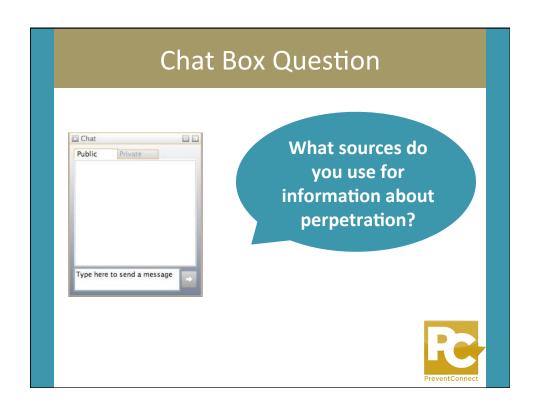


- Increase collaboration with key stakeholders
- Advocate for evidence informed research, policy, and management
- Provide community members information and resources to engage in prevention

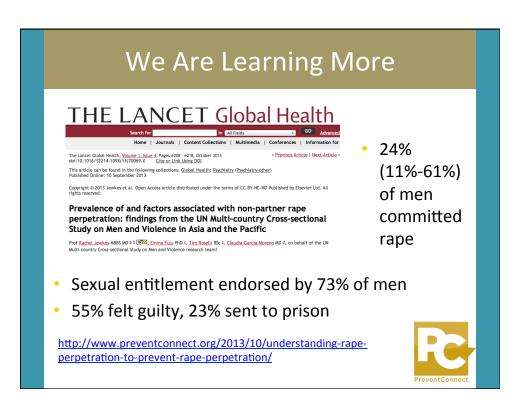
Government Sources

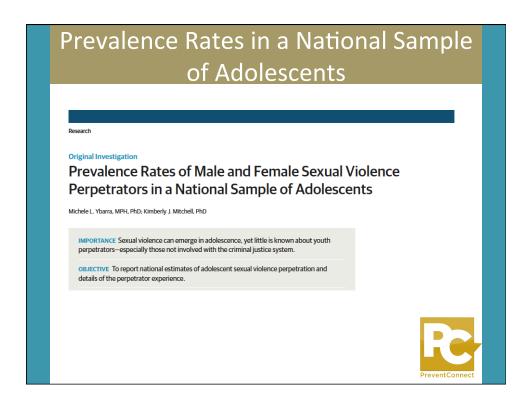
- Bureau of Justice Statistics
 - Crime data
 - Sex offender registry
- Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention
 - Topics Offenses/Offenders sex offences
 - Crime data, prevention, victimization

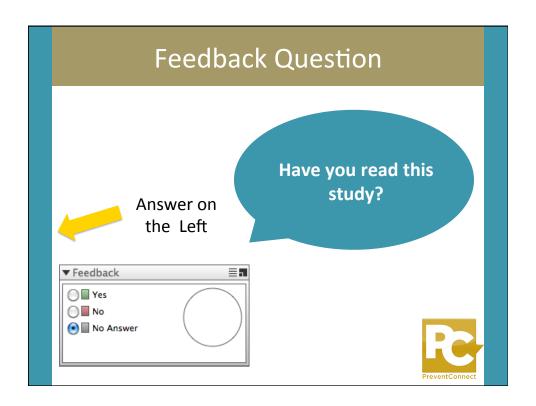












Michele Ybarra

Center for *Innovative* Public Health Research





PREVALENCE RATES OF MALE AND FEMALE PERPETRATORS IN A NATIONAL SAMPLE OF ADOLESCENTS

Acknowledgements

- Co-author, Dr. Kimberly Mitchell
- Growing up with Media Study team from CiPHR and Harris Interactive
- Families/participants

This survey was supported by R01 CE001543 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The findings and conclusions in the report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.



Definitions

Sexual violence perpetration was queried using 4 items: How often you have ever done the following:

- (1)"tried, but was not able, to make someone have sex with me when I knew they did not want to" [attempted rape]
- (2)"made someone have sex with me when I knew they did not want to"; [completed rape]
- (3) "gotten someone to give in to sex with me when I knew they did not want to." [coercive sex]
- (4) "kissed, touched, or done anything sexual with another person when that person did not want you to?" [sexual assault]

Lifetime Prevalence Rates

Nine percent of 14-21 year olds report perpetrating at least one type of sexual violence ever in their lives

- 8% sexual assault
- 3% coercive sex
- 3% attempted rape
- 2% completed rape

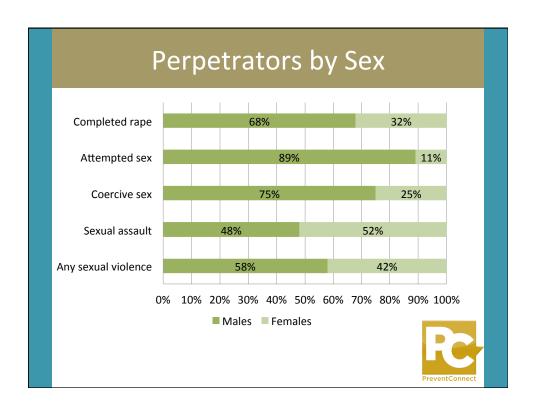


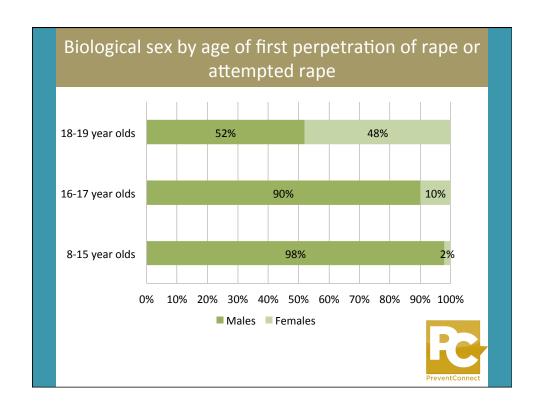
Lifetime Prevalence Rates

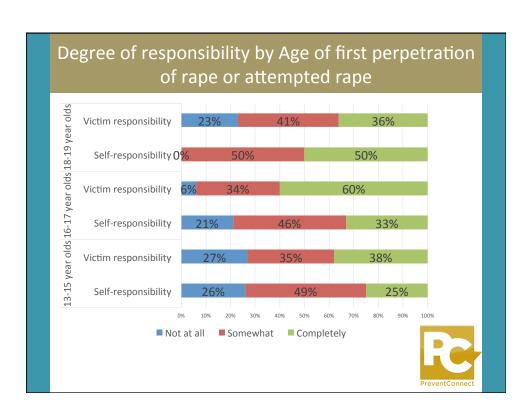
One in three perpetrators reported multiple different types:

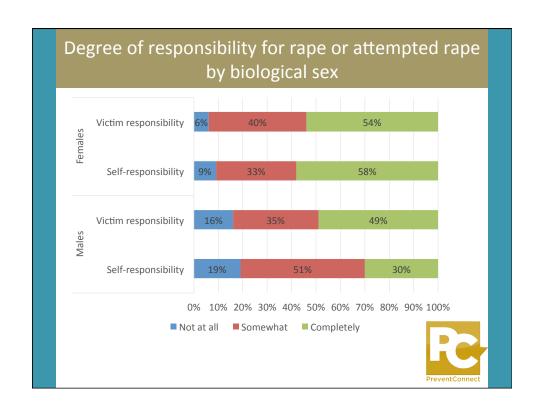
- 12% reported 2 different behaviors
- 11% reported 3
- 9% reported all 4 types

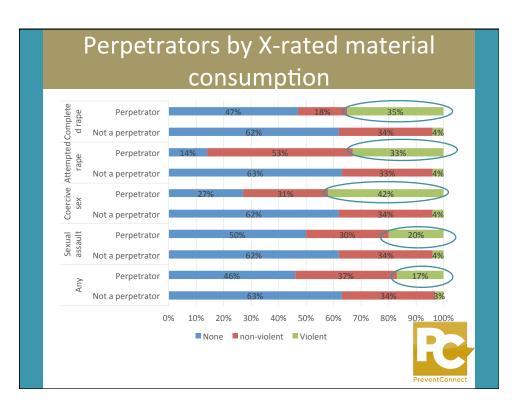


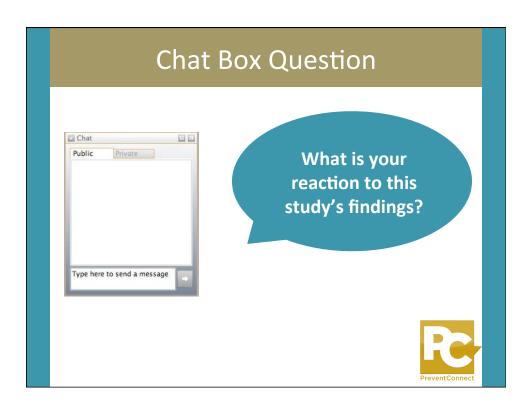




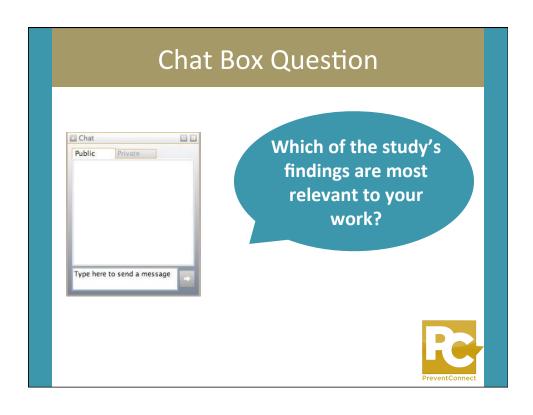














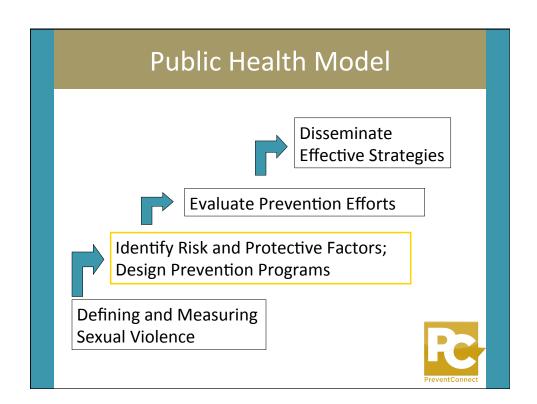
Implications for Prevention

- Can we change perpetrators/potential perpetrators?
- Can we change community/cultural conditions to make perpetration less likely?

Primary Prevention

A <u>systematic</u> process that <u>promotes</u> healthy <u>environments</u> and behaviors and reduces the likelihood of an incident, condition, or injury <u>before</u> it occurs in the first place.





Opportunities for Prevention

- Theories of offending
 - For adult victimization
 - For child victimization
 - Relationship variations between offender & victim
- Modifiable risk factors
- Strategies for different audiences



