Welcome, This Web Conference Will Begin Soon



Meeting Local Needs Without Compromising Outcomes: Using Essential Program Elements to Select, Implement and Evaluate Programs

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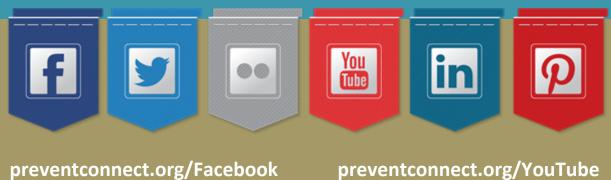
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How to use this technology



- Raise hand
- Text chat & private chat
- PowerPoint slides
- Polling questions
- Phone
- Closed captioning
- Web conference guidelines

Please send a private chat message for help.

Call iLinc Technical Support at 800.799.4510.

PreventConnect is a national project of the California Coalition Against Sexual Assault sponsored by U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The views and information provided in this web conferences do not necessarily represent the official views of the U.S. government, CDC or CALCASA.



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Peer

Learning

2015 Web Conferences

- February 26: Using Popular Education to Engage Communities in Sexual Violence Prevention
- March 12: Supporting Community Culture as Norms Change Strategy for Preventing Sexual and Domestic Violence
- March 26: The Role of Alcohol Policies to Prevent Intimate Partner Violence and Sexual Violence Perpetration
- April 9: Men of Color and Community Trauma Prevention: What Do Sexual And Domestic Violence Efforts Offer to Support Well-Being?
- May 7 & June 2: From Foundations to the Future: A Prevention Approach to Sexual and Domestic Violence
- June 11: Linking with Child Focused Approaches when Preventing Sexual and Domestic Violence
- July 9: Joint Strategies: How Does Sexual and Domestic Violence Better Leverage Local Health, Justice, Education, and Community Sectors?
- August 13: Closing the Loop: Increasing Investment and Sustainability for Sexual and domestic violence prevention.

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- September 15: Rethinking Serial Perpetration of Sexual Violence: Implications for Prevention
- September 21: Going beyond the individual: The evidence supporting multilevel adolescent dating abuse prevention

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PEER LEARNING FORUM

| November 2015 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------|-----------|----------|--------|----------|--|--|--|
| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | | |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | | | |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 26 | 21 | | | |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | | | |
| 29 | 30 | | | | | | | | |
| © www.calendarpe | © www.calendarpedia.com 11: Veterans Day, 26: Thanksgiving Day Data provided 'as is' without warrant | | | | | | | | |
| December 2015 Calendar pedia Your source for calendars | | | | | | | | | |
| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday | | | |

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4

PREVENTCONNECT

- Domestic violence/intimate partner violence
- Sexual violence
- Violence across the lifespan
- Prevent before violence starts
- Connect to other forms of violence & oppression
- Connect to other prevention practitioners



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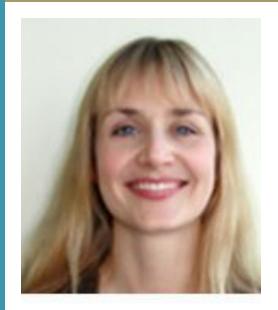
Meeting Local Needs Without Compromising Outcomes: Using Essential Program Elements to Select, Implement and Evaluate Programs

Session 2

November 20, 2015

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About the Presenters







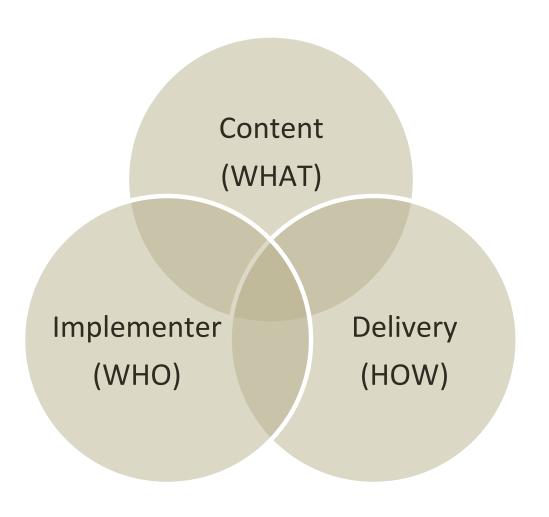
Meredith Stocking, MPP Research Fellow, CDC Foundation

Kimberley Freire,
PhD, MPH
Program Evaluation and
Translation Team Lead
CDC

Leah Perkinson, MPHResearch Fellow,
CDC Foundation



Session 1 Recap Essential Program Elements



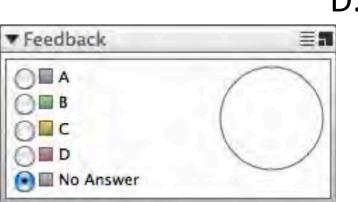
Local context



Audience Poll

Answer on the left





Did you review the essential program elements worksheet introduced in the first web conference?

- A. Totally forgot to review it
- B. Remembered but blew it off
- C. Skimmed it
- D. Filled it out completely and already applying lessonslearned to my work



Text Chat Question



Reflecting back on the first web conference, what are some potential benefits of applying essential program elements to your work?



Session 2 Objectives

- Explain how essential program elements can be used to select programs that fit a local setting.
- Use essential program elements to make decisions about implementing and adapting programs.
- Describe how fidelity and adaptation data can be used to evaluate and improve programs.

Audience Poll

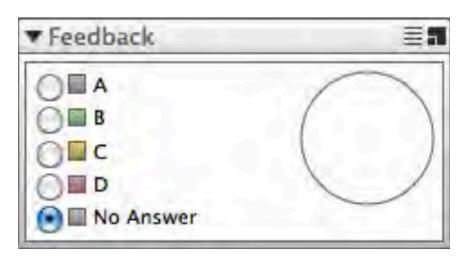
Let us know which answer best represents your familiarity with Coaching Boys into Men (CBIM):

Answer on the left

- A. I've heard about or I am somewhat familiar with CBIM
- B. I've delivered CBIM or I've provided technical assistance or support to others delivering CBIM



C. I am not at all familiar with CBIM





Program case example: Coaching Boys into Men (CBIM)

http://www.coachescorner.org/

http://www.futureswithoutviolence.org/engaging-men/coaching-boys-into-men/







CBIM Program Logic

ACTIVITES

Coaches facilitate weekly scripted discussions with athletes about:

- Healthy vs. abusive relationships
- Treating women and girls with respect and as equals
- Intervening to stop disrespectful or abusive behavior of peers

Outside CBIM discussions coaches:

- Model respectful behavior
- Intervene with athletes to stop disrespectful behavior and promote healthy alternatives ("teachable moments").

SHORT-TERM AND INTERMEDIATE OUTCOMES

Athletes and coaches:

- Increase recognition of abusive behaviors
- Increase genderequitable attitudes
- Increase positive bystander intervention
- Promote respectful behavior to wider school body and community

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES

- Decreased dating abuse perpetration among athletes and eventually peers
- Respectful school climate



Essential Delivery: CBIM Example

Twelve discussions are facilitated over the course of at least 6 weeks with no more than 2 discussions per week.





Essential Delivery: CBIM Example

Teaching methods are interactive and engaging; implementers use real life examples to convey program messages and ask athletes to answer questions and share their experiences.





Essential Implementer Characteristic: CBIM Example

Implementers are dedicated to building a strong relationship with their athletes based on trust and respect.





Essential Content: CBIM Example

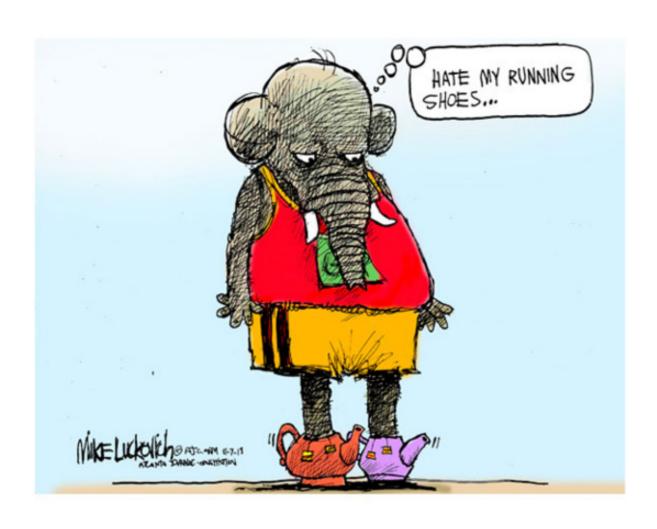




Disrespectful or abusive behavior can occur in person or in digital spaces. It can take many forms including demeaning language or attention and emotional, verbal, physical, or sexual abuse.



Selecting for Success: Program Fit





Text Chat Question



Why is program fit important?



Aspects of Program Fit





Using Essential Implementer Characteristics to Assess Fit

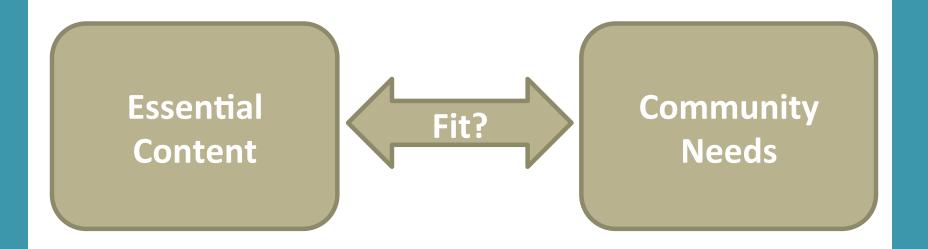
Essential Implementer Characteristics



Implementer skills and values

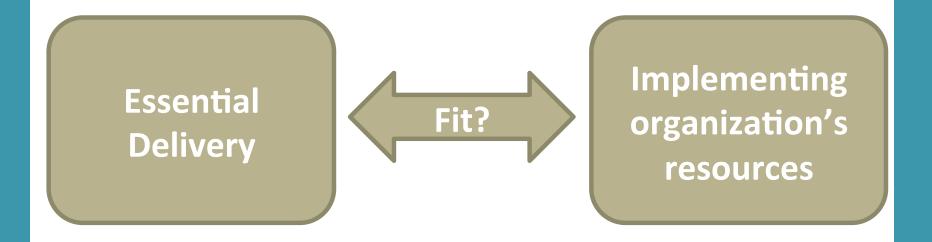


Using Essential Program Content to Assess Fit





Using Essential Delivery Elements to Assess Fit





Application: Using essential program elements to assess fit



Essential Implementer Characteristic: Strong relationship with athletes based on trust and respect

Essential Delivery: 12 discussions facilitated over the course of the athletic season

Text Chat Question



To what extent is CBIM a good fit for this high school?

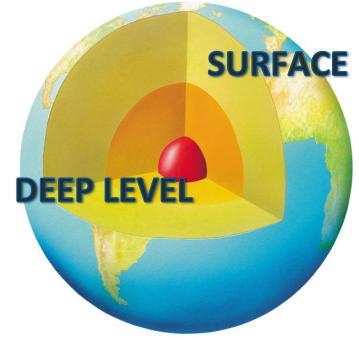


What are program adaptations?

Adaptations refer to changes made to an evidence-based program including additions, deletions, modifications and reordering.

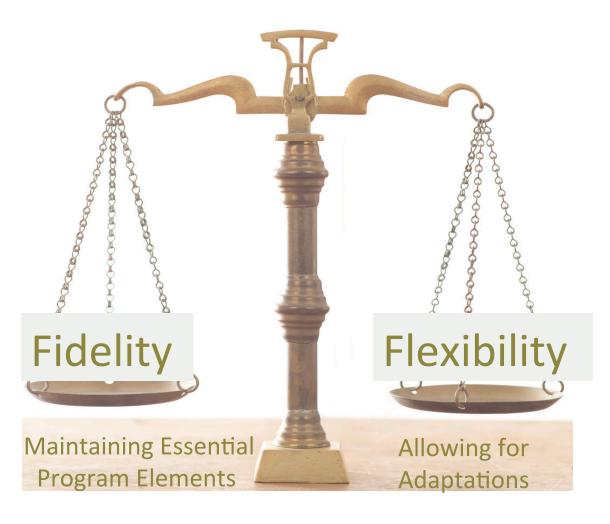
Adaptation Timing

- Before implementation starts
- > **During** implementation





Finding the Balance: Fidelity and Flexibility





Text Chat Question



Think of a time when you or practitioners you support adapted or changed a program.

What change was made and why?



Framework for Evaluating Adaptations

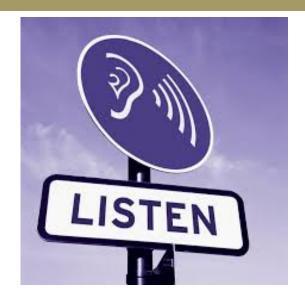


Green light adaptations: Maintain essential program elements and may improve program fit and usability.

Red light adaptations: Likely to compromise essential program elements or alter how they work together.



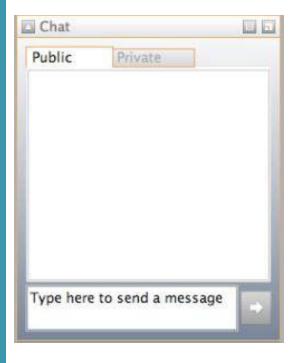
Application: Adapting CBIM



Essential Delivery: Teaching methods are interactive and engaging; implementers use real life examples to convey program messages

Essential Content: Disrespectful or abusive behavior can take many forms including demeaning language or attention and emotional, verbal, physical, or sexual abuse.

Text Chat Question

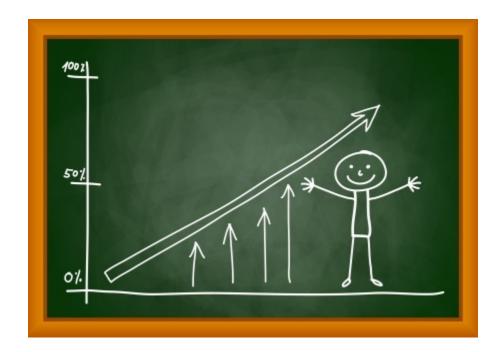


Do you think this is a green or red light adaptation? Why?



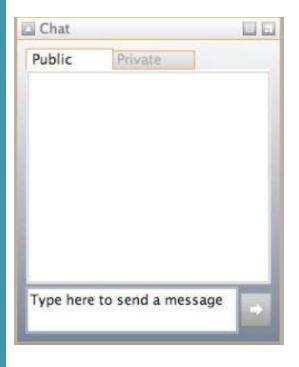
Tracking Fidelity and Adaptation

- Real-time quality improvement and problem solving during implementation
- Evaluating program implementation





Text Chat Question



How do you know that the programs you support or deliver have been implemented as planned or not?



Common Methods & Challenges to Tracking Fidelity

Methods:

- Facilitator logs
- Participant satisfaction/feedback surveys
- Observation checklists
- Interviews and focus groups with program implementers, participants, and administrators

Challenges:

- Scope of measures is often limited (e.g. number of participants reached, proportion of activities completed)
- Adaptations are not tracked
- Subjective measures of quality



Tracking Adaptations: Example CBIM Observation Tool

| Activity | | Complete (Y/N) | Describe any changes to essential content or delivery and result of change |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------|---|
| Discussion point | If someone says "NO" in any sexual situation, it means NO. To ignore it is wrong and against the law. | N | Coach avoided using the words sex and sexual throughout the discussion about consent. Key message was weakened. |
| Ask the player question | What can you do if you notice someone in a dangerous or non-consensual situation? | Y | Coach asked athletes to "partner up" and practice letting a friend know that they are in a potentially dangerous situation. The athletes seemed very engaged in the activity. |



Tracking Fidelity to Essential Elements: Example CBIM Observation Tool

Overall, how well do you think the group leader delivered the session?
 Please use the examples of group leader behaviors below to help you rate.

1 2 3 4 5 (poor) (Exceptional)

| Negative group leader behaviors | 5 | Positive group leader behaviors | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Read word for word from the curriculum | | Appeared to be familiar and comfortable with the curriculum | | |
| Did not ask athletes questions or to share their experiences; did not prompt group discussion when appropriate | | Supported and encouraged lively group interaction; helped athletes to articulate their opinions and incorporated athlete input into delivery | | |

Using Fidelity and Adaptation Data for Program Improvement: Examples from CBIM

Real-time improvement:

- Finding: Coaches were skipping content about consent.
- **Data Use:** Local DV/SV agency staff reached out to coaches to give them ideas about how to talk about consent with their athletes.

Longer-term improvement:

- **Finding:** Implementers frequently use stories during delivery, but sometimes stories are unrelated to essential content.
- **Data Use:** Summarized key card messages; created tip sheet about how to stay on message while telling stories.



Prepare for Session #3: Complete Worksheet

Implementing Effective Strategies that Fit Your State/Community: Considerations for Practice

Step 1: For each type of essential program element listed (content, delivery, and implementer) pick and describe 2-3 essential elements of a program being implemented in your state or community

Step 2: Discuss adaptations to **one** implementer and **one** delivery element

http://www.preventconnect.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/ Implementing-Effective-Strategies_worksheet_FINAL.docx

Session 3 – December 2, 2015

Volunteer to share your worksheet examples with your peers!





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